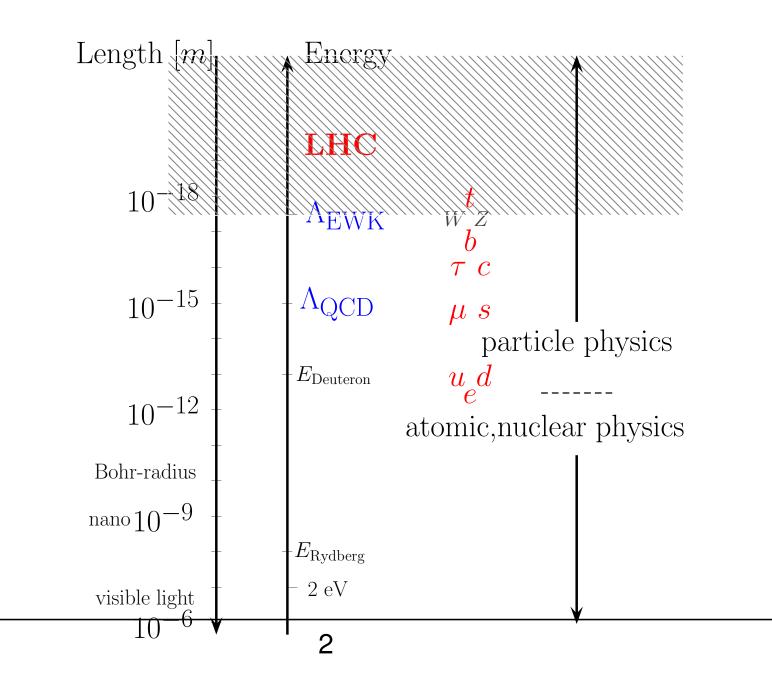
Edinburgh U., Inst. of Particles and Nuclear Physics

Flavor & the LHC in 2012 plus

May 9, 2012

Gudrun Hiller, Dortmund

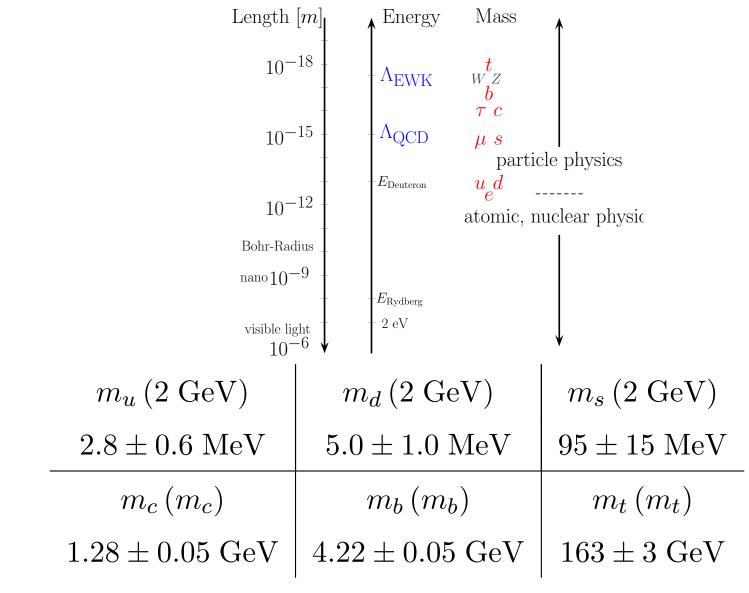


Known fundamental matter comes in generations $\psi \rightarrow \psi_i$, i = 1, 2, 3.

quarks:
$$\begin{pmatrix} u \\ d \end{pmatrix}$$
, $\begin{pmatrix} c \\ s \end{pmatrix}$, $\begin{pmatrix} t \\ b \end{pmatrix}$
leptons: $\begin{pmatrix} \nu_e \\ e \end{pmatrix}$, $\begin{pmatrix} \nu_\mu \\ \mu \end{pmatrix}$, $\begin{pmatrix} \nu_\tau \\ \tau \end{pmatrix}$
 $SU(3)_C \times SU(2)_L \times U(1)_Y \to SU(3)_C \times U(1)_{em}$

The gauge interactions are generation-independent.

Quark Spectrum



hierarchical! Spectrum spans five orders of magnitude.

Quarks mix and change flavor in weak interaction:

$$V_{\text{CKM}} = \begin{pmatrix} V_{ud} & V_{us} & V_{ub} \\ V_{cd} & V_{cs} & V_{cb} \\ V_{td} & V_{ts} & V_{tb} \end{pmatrix} \sim \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \lambda & \lambda^3 \\ \lambda & 1 & \lambda^2 \\ \lambda^3 & \lambda^2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}; \quad \lambda \simeq 0.2$$
$$\vartheta_{13} \sim \lambda^3 \ll \vartheta_{23} \sim \lambda^2 \ll \vartheta_{12} \sim \lambda \ll 1$$

hierarchical!

Large mixing angles for leptons (PMNS-Matrix):

$$\vartheta_{23} \sim 45^{\circ}$$
, $\vartheta_{12} \sim 35^{\circ}$, $\vartheta_{13} \sim O(10^{\circ})$ all O(1) – anarchy?

Quark mixing matrix has 1 physical CP violating phase δ_{CKM} . (with 3 generations)

Kobayashi and Maskawa, Prog.Theor.Phys 49 (1973) 652

Nobelprize in Physics 2008



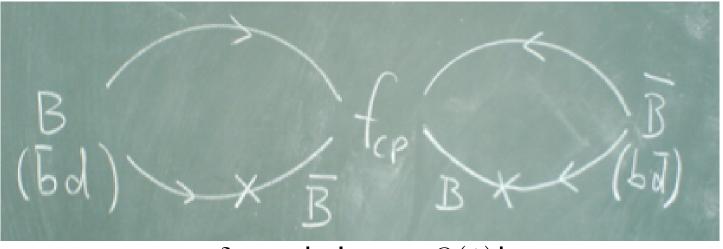
the mechanism of spontaneous broken symmetry in subatomic physics"

"for the discovery of "for the discovery of the origin of the broken symmetry which predicts the existence of at least three families of quarks in nature"



CP is violated!.. together with Quark Flavor

Quark mixing matrix has 1 physical CP violating phase δ_{CKM} . Verified in $B\bar{B}$ mixing $\sin 2\beta = 0.672 \pm 0.023$ HFAG Aug 2010



 δ_{CKM} is large, O(1)!

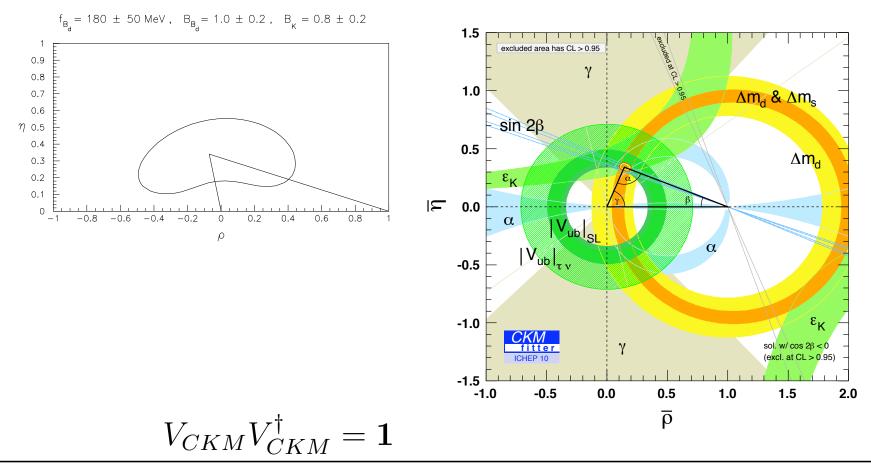
CPX also observed in *B*-decay $A_{CP}(B \rightarrow K^{\pm}\pi^{\mp}) = -0.098 \pm 0.013$

HFAG Aug 2010

$$\Gamma(B \to K^+ \pi^-) \neq \Gamma(\bar{B} \to K^- \pi^+)$$

SM Flavor and CP Violation/CKM 1995 vs today

The CKM-picture of flavor and CP violation is currently consistent with all – and quite different – laboratory observations, although some tensions exist.



Modulo "hints" all hadronic flavor changing data are currently ok with the SM within uncertainties.

Flavor changing neutral currents (FCNCs):

 $s \to d$: $K^0 - \bar{K}^0$, $K \to \pi \nu \bar{\nu}$

 $c \rightarrow u$: $D^0 - \overline{D}^0$ (first data on FCNC in up-sector) dir. CPX CDF,LHCb'11,12

$$b \rightarrow d$$
: $B^0 - \bar{B}^0$, $B \rightarrow \rho \gamma$, $b \rightarrow d \gamma$, $B \rightarrow \pi \mu \mu$ LHCb'12

 $b \rightarrow s$: $B_s - \bar{B}_s$, $b \rightarrow s\gamma$, $B \rightarrow K_s \pi^0 \gamma$, $b \rightarrow sll$, $B \rightarrow K^{(*)}ll$ (precision, angular observables avaliable Belle'09,CDF'11,BaBar,LHCb'12), $B_s \rightarrow \mu\mu$ (bound at SM-level $\sim 4.5 \times 10^{-9}$ LHCb'12)

 $t \rightarrow c, u \text{ and } l \rightarrow l': \text{ not observed}$

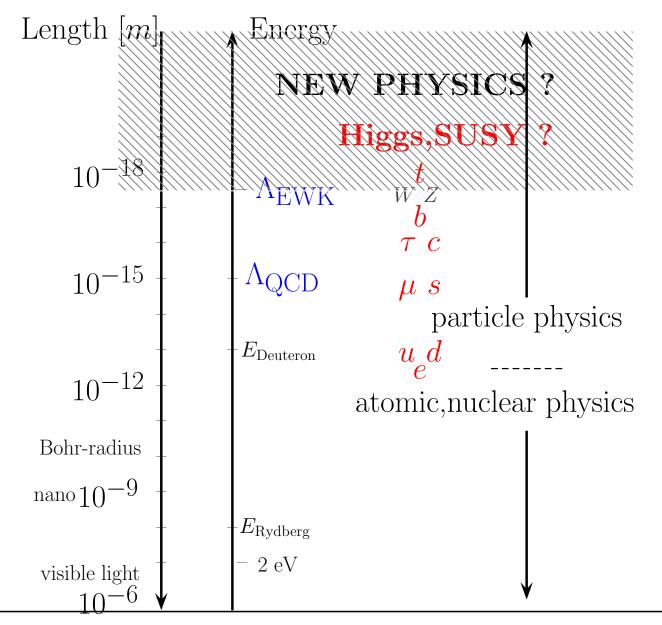
Modulo "hints" all hadronic flavor changing data are currently ok with the SM within uncertainties.

6 masses, 3 angles and 1 phase:

$$Y_u \sim \begin{pmatrix} 10^{-5} & -0.002 & 0.008 + i \, 0.003 \\ 10^{-6} & 0.007 & -0.04 \\ 10^{-8} + i \, 10^{-7} & 0.0003 & 0.94 \end{pmatrix}$$
$$Y_d \sim \text{diag} \left(10^{-5}, 5 \cdot 10^{-4}, 0.025\right)$$

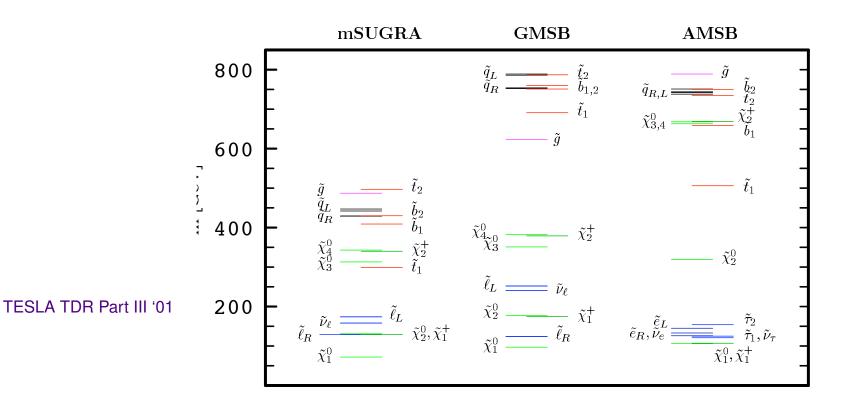
Very peculiar pattern.

- 1. Flavor at the TeV-scale and complementarity with collider physics
- 2. Precision tests of the SM with O(100 1000) plus events in $B \rightarrow K^{(*)}\mu^+\mu^-$; a lattice benchmark test opportunity
- 3. Towards the flavor puzzle with TeV-physics

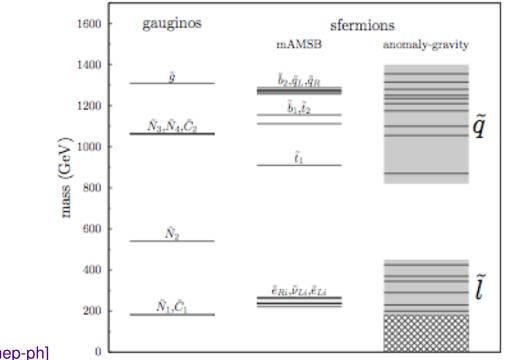


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New TeV-sector; what's the flavor of the SM partners? Is the flavored spectrum of \tilde{q} and $\tilde{\ell}$ degenerate?



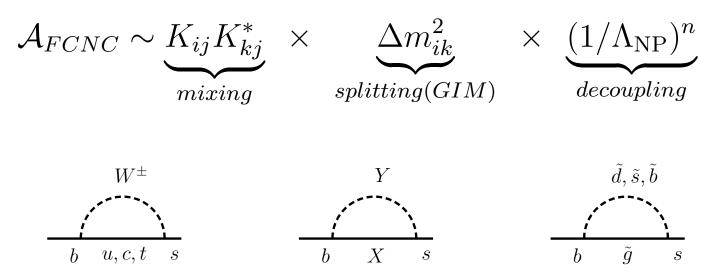
or with large mass splitting?



C.Gross and GH, 1101.5352 [hep-ph]

and how about flavor mixing and CP violation?

Terascale Flavor facing todays FCNC Data



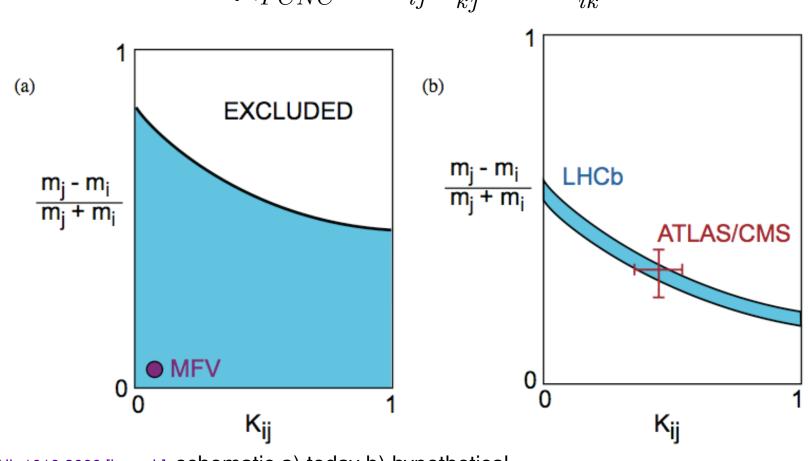
With no suppression from flavor (mixing nor splitting) at 95 % C.L:

	$K^0 \bar{K}^0$	$D^0 ar{D}^0$	$B^0_d \bar{B}^0_d$	$B^0_s \bar{B}^0_s$
Λ_{NP} [TeV]	$2 \cdot 10^{5}$	$5 \cdot 10^3$	$2 \cdot 10^3$	$3\cdot 10^2$

Bona et al, 0707.0636 [hep-ph]

Connection to TeV-scale is lost, or TeV-scale flavor non-generic!

FCNC loops probe product of flavor mixing K_{ij} and splitting Δm_{ij}

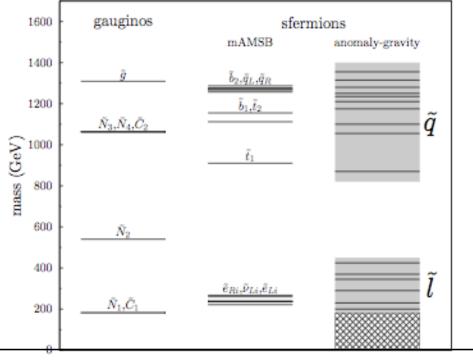


 $\mathcal{A}_{FCNC} \sim K_{ij} K_{kj}^* \cdot \Delta m_{ik}^2$

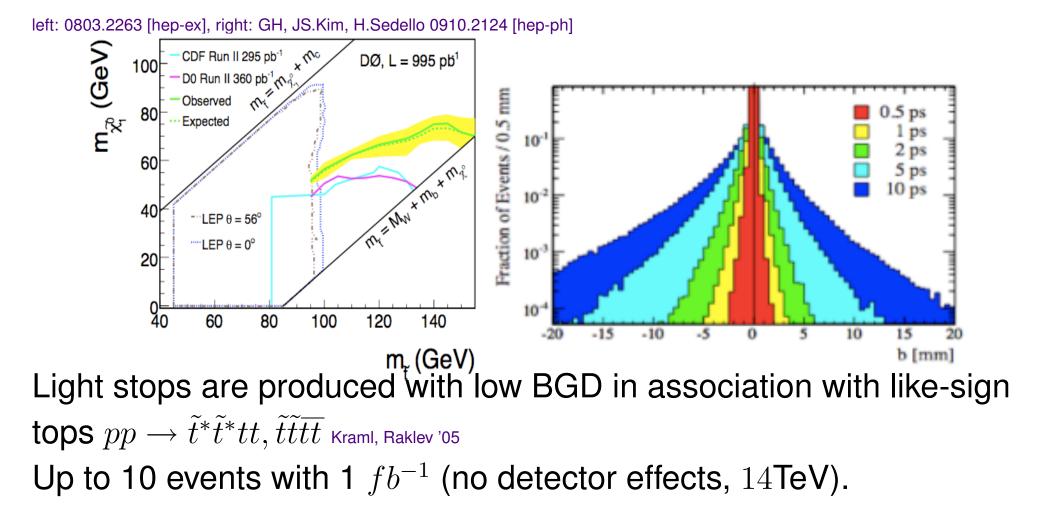
figs from Y.Nir 1010.2666 [hep-ph] schematic a) today b) hypothetical

Measuring the mass splitting Δm_{ij} :

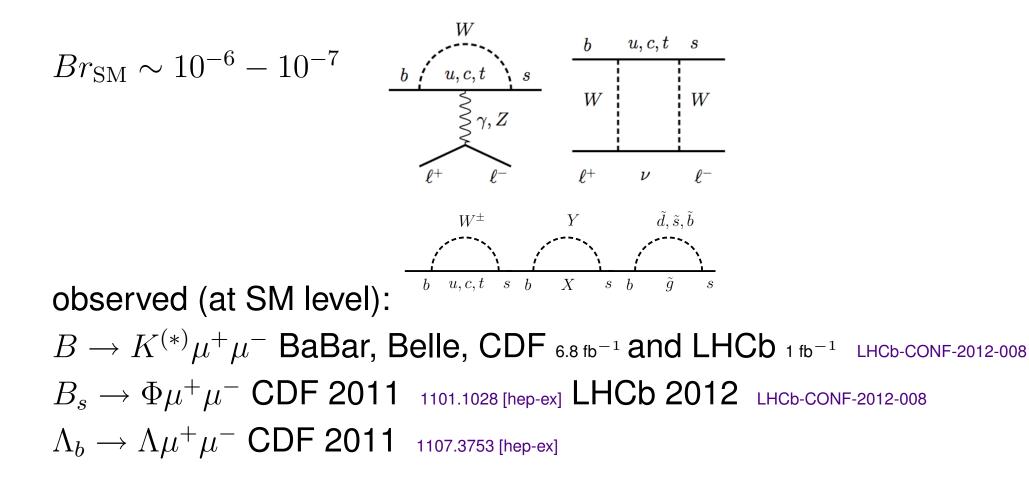
in cascades $\chi_2^0 \rightarrow \chi_1^0 l^+ l^-$ and comparing $e^+ e^-$ with $\mu^+ \mu^-$ edges Allanach et al 0801.3666 [hep-ph] mSUGRA/CMSSM: splitting percent-permille; Hybrid anomaly-gravity: O(1) slepton splitting, uses alignment $|K_{ij}| \ll 1$ to escape FCNC bounds 1101.5352 [hep-ph]



Measuring the flavor mixing K_{ij} : from decay length measurements with long lived stop decaying predominantly FCNC $\tilde{t} \rightarrow c\chi_1^0$

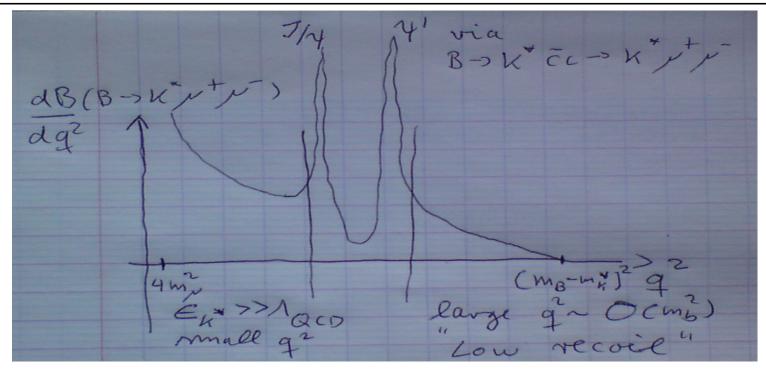


Exclusive semileptonic FCNC $b \rightarrow s \mu^+ \mu^-$ decays

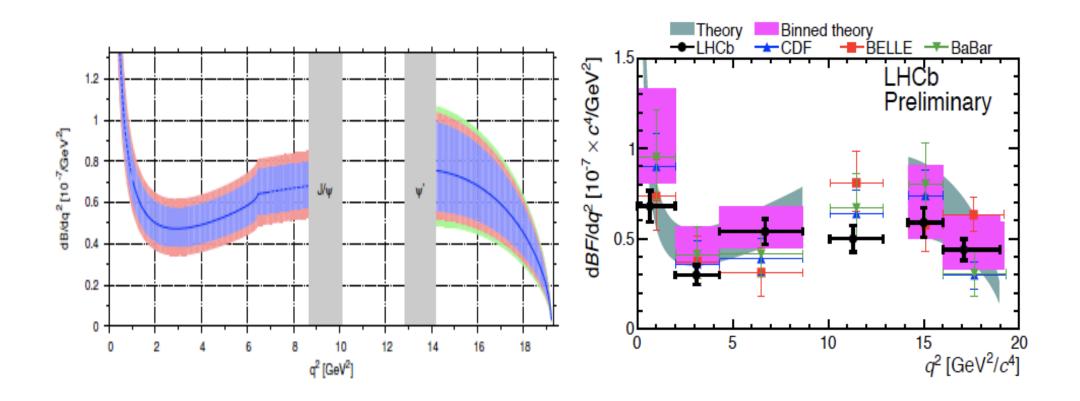


distributions measured. precision physics started.

Dilepton Mass Spectra in $B \to K^* \mu^+ \mu^-$



Different TH at low q^2 QCDF; BBNS, Beneke, Feldmann, Seidel'01,04 and high q^2 /low recoil OPE in $1/m_b$ Grinstein,Pirjol '04, Beylich, Buchalla,Feldmann'11; Low recoil $B \to K^{(*)}\mu^+\mu^-$ predictions/pheno Bobeth,GH,vanDyk, Wacker '10,11 Binned data needed. New developments at low recoil in theory pheno+lattice greatly support exploitation of todays and tomorrows data. E.g., Preliminary unquenched lattice $B \to K^{(*)}$ form factors by Liu et al 1101.2726 [hep-ph].



left-hand Fig. from 1006.5013 [hep-ph] Blue band: form factor uncertainties, red: 1/mb right-hand Fig. from LHCb-CONF-2012-008

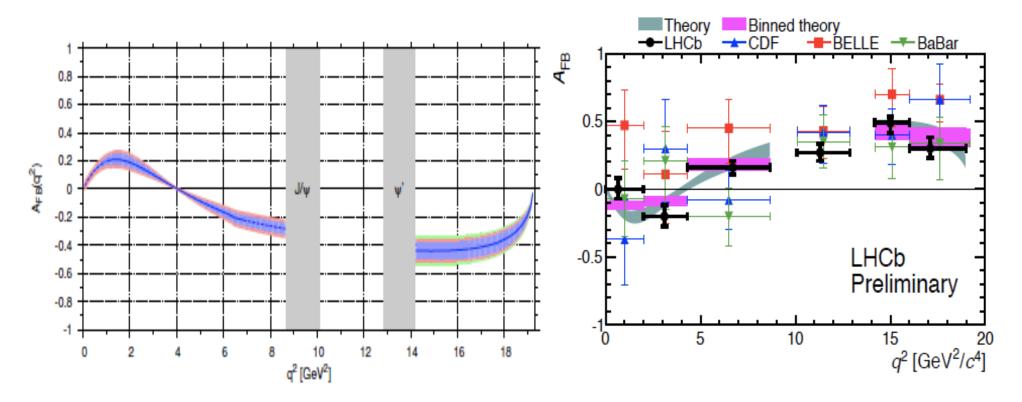
Biggest source of TH uncertainty: the $B \rightarrow K^*$ form factors.

$$\langle K^*(k,\epsilon) | \, \bar{s}\gamma_{\mu}b \, | B(p) \rangle = \frac{2 \, V(q^2)}{m_B + m_{K^*}} \varepsilon_{\mu\rho\sigma\tau} \epsilon^{*\rho} p^{\sigma} k^{\tau}, \langle K^*(k,\epsilon) | \, \bar{s}\gamma_{\mu}\gamma_5 b \, | B(p) \rangle = i \epsilon^{*\rho} \left[2A_0(q^2) \, m_{K^*} \frac{q_{\mu}q_{\rho}}{q^2} + A_1(q^2) \, (m_B + m_{K^*})(g_{\mu\rho} - \frac{q_{\mu}q_{\rho}}{q^2}) \right. \left. - A_2(q^2) \, q_{\rho} \left(\frac{(p+k)_{\mu}}{m_B + m_{K^*}} - \frac{m_B - m_{K^*}}{q^2} (p-k)_{\mu} \right) \right]$$

plus tensor currents $\langle K^*(k,\epsilon) | \bar{s}\sigma_{\mu\nu}b | B(p) \rangle$ with $T_{1,2,3}$.

Low recoil: improved isgur-wise relations, accessible to lattice QCD $T_1(q^2) = \kappa V(q^2), T_2(q^2) = \kappa A_1(q^2), \kappa \simeq 1$

Forward-backward asymmetry $A_{\rm FB}$ in $B \to K^* \mu^+ \mu^-$



left-hand Fig. from 1006.5013 [hep-ph] Blue band: form factor uncertainties, red: $1/m_b$ right-hand Fig. from LHCb-CONF-2012-008

Sign of $A_{\rm FB}$ at large dilepton mass is SM-like. 0805.2525 [hep-ph] Sign/zero of $A_{\rm FB}$ at low dilepton mass SM-like (LHCb'12) $q_0^2|_{\rm LHCb} = 4.9^{+1.1}_{-1.3} \,\text{GeV}^2$ in SM: $q_0^2|_{\rm SM} = 4.0 \pm 0.3 \,\text{GeV}^2$ $d\Gamma^{4} \sim J dq^{2} d \cos \Theta_{l} d \cos \Theta_{K^{*}} d\Phi_{\text{hep-ph/9907386}}$ $J(q^{2}, \theta_{l}, \theta_{K^{*}}, \phi) = J_{1}^{s} \sin^{2} \theta_{K^{*}} + J_{1}^{c} \cos^{2} \theta_{K^{*}} + (J_{2}^{s} \sin^{2} \theta_{K^{*}} + J_{2}^{c} \cos^{2} \theta_{K^{*}}) \cos 2\theta_{l}$ $+ J_{3} \sin^{2} \theta_{K^{*}} \sin^{2} \theta_{l} \cos 2\phi + J_{4} \sin 2\theta_{K^{*}} \sin 2\theta_{l} \cos \phi + J_{5} \sin 2\theta_{K^{*}} \sin \theta_{l} \cos \phi$ $+ J_{6} \sin^{2} \theta_{K^{*}} \cos \theta_{l} + J_{7} \sin 2\theta_{K^{*}} \sin \theta_{l} \sin \phi$ $+ J_{8} \sin 2\theta_{K^{*}} \sin 2\theta_{l} \sin \phi + J_{9} \sin^{2} \theta_{K^{*}} \sin^{2} \theta_{l} \sin 2\phi, \qquad (2.3)$

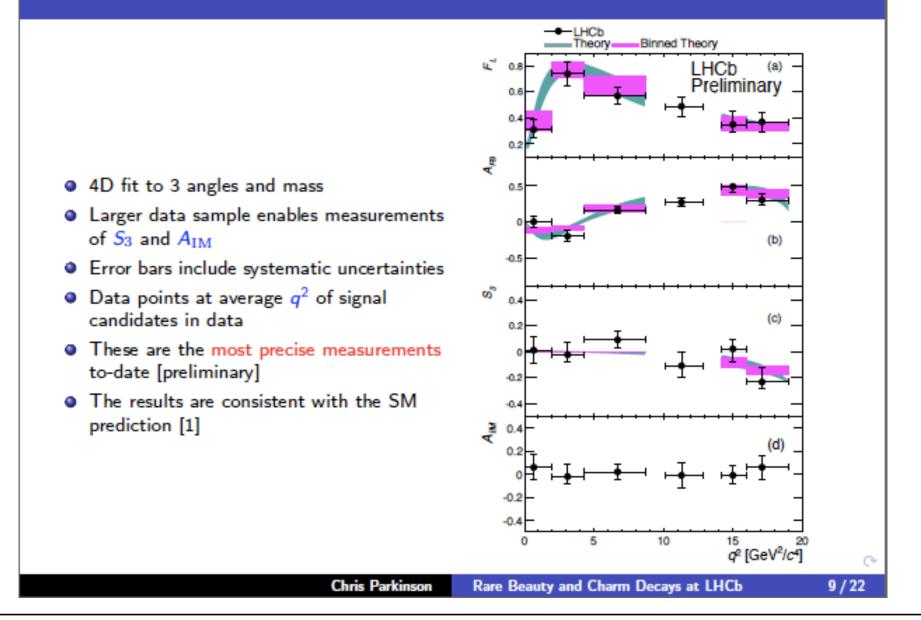
 Θ_l : angle between l^- and \overline{B} in dilepton CMS (warning: different conventions in literature)

 Θ_{K^*} : angle between K and \overline{B} in K^* -CMS

 Φ : angle between normals of the $K\pi$ and l^+l^- plane

More angular distributions available 2012

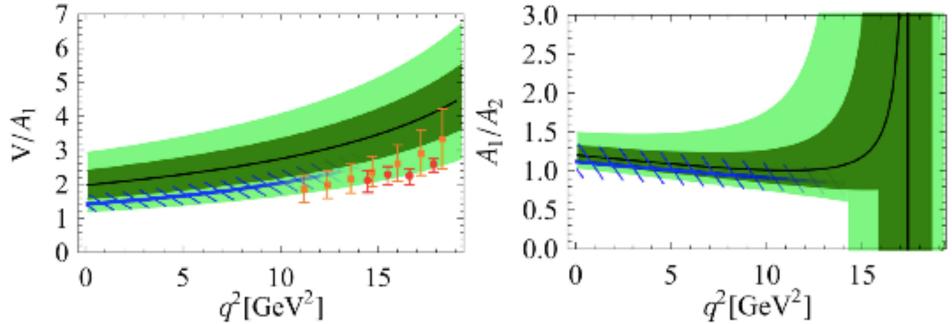
$\mathbb{B}^{0} \rightarrow K^{*0} \mu^{+} \mu^{-}$ Angular Analysis Results



At low hadronic recoil: OPE in $1/m_b$ Grinstein, Pirjol '04, Beylich et al '10

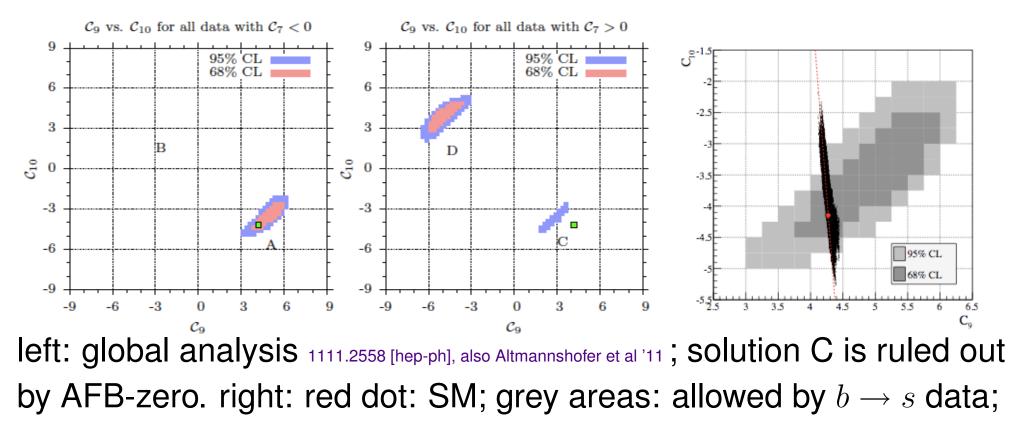
 $A_i^{L,R} \propto C^{L,R} f_i, \qquad \quad i = \perp, ||, 0 \; ext{ Bobeth et al '10}$

 $C^{L,R}$: universal short-distance physics; f_i : generalized form factors $C^{L,R}$ drop out in ratios, including those measured F_L, S_3 , or $A_T^{(2)}$.



Yellow, red points; lattice QCD; blue bands: QCD sum rules: green bands: $1, 2\sigma$ fit 1204.4444 [hep-ph]

Precision tests from global fits $\mathcal{L} \sim \sum C_i O_i$



black points: SUSY model with squark flavor mixing 1205.1500 [hep-ph]

flavor suppression with NP at $\Lambda_{NP} = 1$ TeV: $|\tilde{c}_{10}| < 5 \cdot 10^{-4} (4 \cdot 10^{-3})$ limit on scale iff no suppression $\tilde{c}_{10} = 1$: $\Lambda_{NP} > 44$ TeV (16 TeV) CP-asymmetries from angular distribution $A_i \propto J_i - \overline{J}_i$: SM: all doubly Cabbibo-suppressed and null tests of the SM.

 A_3, A_9 vanish in SM by helicity conservation: sens. to RH currents $A_3, A_9, (A_6)$ can be extracted from single-diff distribution in $\Phi(\Theta_l)$ $A_{7,8,9}$ T-odd: not suppressed by small strong phases; O(1) with BSM $A_{5,6,8,9}$ CP-odd: can be extracted without tagging from $\Gamma + \overline{\Gamma}$; advantageous for $B_s, \overline{B}_s \to (\Phi \to K^+ K^-) \mu^+ \mu^-$.

Low recoil region allows to design (high- q^2) observables which are – independent of form factors ($H_T^{(2,3)}$, $a_{\rm CP}^i$)

- independent of short-distance coefficients and test the form factors
- independent of either ones and test the theoretical low recoil framework $H_T^{(1)}=1, H_T^{(2)}/H_T^{(3)}=1~$ $_{\rm Bobeth~et~al~1006.5013,~and~1105.0376}$

$$Y_{u} \sim \begin{pmatrix} 10^{-5} & -0.002 & 0.008 + i \, 0.003 \\ 10^{-6} & 0.007 & -0.04 \\ 10^{-8} + i \, 10^{-7} & 0.0003 & 0.94 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$Y_{d} \sim \text{diag} \left(10^{-5}, 5 \cdot 10^{-4}, 0.025\right) \quad \left(\cdot \frac{\langle H_{u} \rangle}{\langle H_{d} \rangle}\right)$$

$$Y_{e} \sim \text{diag} \left(10^{-6}, 6 \cdot 10^{-4}, 0.01\right) \quad \left(\cdot \frac{\langle H_{u} \rangle}{\langle H_{d} \rangle}\right)$$

Very peculiar pattern.

 $Y_u Y_u^{\dagger}, Y_u^{\dagger} Y_u$, $Y_d Y_d^{\dagger}, \dots$ (SM flavor)

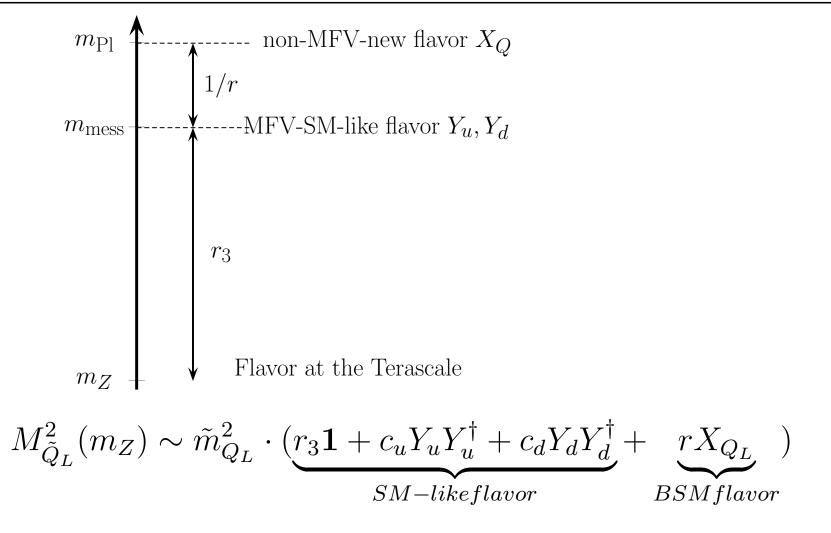
squark mass terms $\mathcal{L} = \tilde{Q}^{\dagger}_{L\,i}(M^2_{\tilde{Q}_L})_{ij}\tilde{Q}_{L\,j} + \dots$ (sflavor)

Could have common origin, e.g. Froggatt-Nielsen symmetries:

$$(Y_u)_{ij} \sim \epsilon^{Z_{uj} - Z_{qi}}$$
, $(M^2_{\tilde{Q}_L})_{ij} \sim \epsilon^{Z_{qj} - Z_{qi}}$

or not, as in anarchy scenarios $(M_{\tilde{Q}_L}^2)_{ij} \sim O(1)$.

Hybrid Gauge-Gravity Mediation



flavor observables probe off-diagonals: $\sim r/r_3 X_{Q_L}$. observable signatures+ experimental program GH,Hochberg,Nir 0812.0511, 1001.1513

- * The Standard Model is a good description of microscopic processes up to energies of $\mathcal{O}(100)$ GeV.
- * The forthcoming seaches at LHC and precision experiments will explore the Terascale. What are the flavor quantum numbers of new particles/SM partners ?
- Exisiting FCNC-data imply already strong constraints on the flavor structure of physics beyond the SM. These bounds will be tightened significantly.
- The observation of New Physics flavor couplings could point towards the origin of generational mixing and hierarchies, i.e., flavor.



* It's fun to have data!

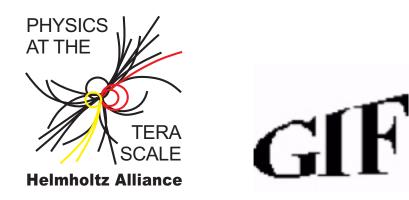
Arnd Behring, Christoph Bobeth, Christian Gross, Christian Hambrock, Yonit Hochberg, Yossi Nir, Danny van Dyk, Jong Soo Kim, Stefan Schacht, Henning Sedello, Christian Wacker



bmb+f - Förderschwerpunkt

Elementarteilchenphysik

Großgeräte der physikalischen Grundlagenforschung



Abtract: Flavor physics studies, i.e. studies concerning the generational structure of matter, have identified the standard model as the dominant source of quark flavor and CP violation (modulo "anomalies"). This has strong implications for the physics at the TeV scale. We review the status of flavor physics and discuss how one could discover a breakdown of the standard model in flavor physics and understand flavor in and beyond the standard model. We cover opportunities for the Large Hadron Collider (LHC) experiments, with emphasis on rare flavor-changing neutral current processes.