Quantum Mechanics

Assessed problem sheet 2 - to be handed to TO by Thurs 10th November 5pm.

1. In one dimension, consider a particle coming in from the left with energy E > 0 and scattering on the potential barrier:

$$V(x) = g\delta(x) \, .$$

where g is some positive real number.

- (a) Compute the transmission and reflection coefficients. [4]
- (b) Compare with the result for the finite potential step, Eq. (5.20) of the lecture notes, in the limit where $V \to \infty$, $a \to 0$, and Va = g stays constant. [4]
- (c) What happens if g < 0. Compare with the classical result.
- 2. The angular momentum operator in two dimensions can be defined as:

$$\hat{L} = \hat{X}\hat{P}_y - \hat{Y}\hat{P}_x.$$

Rewrite the operator \hat{L} as a differential operator in polar coordinates. Show that the eigenvalues of L are $\hbar m$, where m is an integer, and find the eigenfunctions. [3]

3. Write down the time-independent Schrödinger equation for a particle in a two-dimensional circular infinite well of radius R. Separate the variables by writing the wave function as:

$$\psi(r,\theta) = R(r)\Phi(\theta)$$
.

- (a) Find the differential equation for the radial part of the wave function $R_m(r)$ for each value of the angular momentum m. [4]
- (b) The solution of the radial equation is given by the Bessel function $J_{|m|}(kr)$, where k is related to the energy E by $E = \hbar^2 k^2 / (2m)$. Write down the boundary condition for this problem. Let us denote by $a_{n,m}$ the *n*-th zero of $J_{|m|}$. Find the energy levels as functions of the zeroes of the Bessel functions. [2]
- (c) For m = 0 the first zero of the Bessel function $J_0(z)$ occurs for z = 2.405. Deduce the value of the energy for the ground state of the system. Compare to the ground state energy of the two-dimensional infinite square potential well of size $L = \sqrt{\pi}R$. [4]

[4]